

lektion6

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1 Lektion 6

1.1 Wiederholung und Ergänzungen

```
[1]: %matplotlib notebook
      %matplotlib inline
      %matplotlib qt
      import sympy as sp
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      sp.init_printing()
```

```
[77]: bild = plt.figure(1)                # Bild
      kors = bild.gca()                  # Koordinatensystem
      p1 = kors.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'mp-' ) # Liste von Linien
      xn = np.linspace(-1, 1, 1000)
      p2 = kors.plot(np.sin(xn), np.cos(xn))
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[78]: kors.set_aspect('equal')
      p1[0].set_markersize(30)
```

```
[79]: p1[0].set_markerfacecolor('gold')
      p1[0].set_martkeredgecolor((1, 0, 0)) # RGB Werte
```

```
[10]: import matplotlib.colors as mcolors
```

```
[13]: list(mcolors.BASE_COLORS.keys())
```

```
[13]: ['b', 'g', 'r', 'c', 'm', 'y', 'k', 'w']
```

```
[14]: mcolors.CSS4_COLORS
```

```
[14]: {'aliceblue': '#F0F8FF',
      'antiquewhite': '#FAEBD7',
      'aqua': '#00FFFF',
      'aquamarine': '#7FFFD4',
      'azure': '#F0FFFF',
      'beige': '#F5F5DC',
      'bisque': '#FFE4C4',
      'black': '#000000',
      'blanchedalmond': '#FFEBCD',
      'blue': '#0000FF',
      'blueviolet': '#8A2BE2',
      'brown': '#A52A2A',
      'burlywood': '#DEB887',
      'cadetblue': '#5F9EA0',
      'chartreuse': '#7FFF00',
      'chocolate': '#D2691E',
      'coral': '#FF7F50',
      'cornflowerblue': '#6495ED',
      'cornsilk': '#FFF8DC',
      'crimson': '#DC143C',
      'cyan': '#00FFFF',
      'darkblue': '#00008B',
      'darkcyan': '#008B8B',
      'darkgoldenrod': '#B8860B',
```

'darkgray': '#A9A9A9',
'darkgreen': '#006400',
'darkgrey': '#A9A9A9',
'darkkhaki': '#BDB76B',
'darkmagenta': '#8B008B',
'darkolivegreen': '#556B2F',
'darkorange': '#FF8C00',
'darkorchid': '#9932CC',
'darkred': '#8B0000',
'darksalmon': '#E9967A',
'darkseagreen': '#8FBC8F',
'darkslateblue': '#483D8B',
'darkslategray': '#2F4F4F',
'darkslategrey': '#2F4F4F',
'darkturquoise': '#00CED1',
'darkviolet': '#9400D3',
'deeppink': '#FF1493',
'deepskyblue': '#00BFFF',
'dimgray': '#696969',
'dimgrey': '#696969',
'dodgerblue': '#1E90FF',
'firebrick': '#B22222',
'floralwhite': '#FFF0F0',
'forestgreen': '#228B22',
'fuchsia': '#FF00FF',
'gainsboro': '#DCDCDC',
'ghostwhite': '#F8F8FF',
'gold': '#FFD700',
'goldenrod': '#DAA520',
'gray': '#808080',
'green': '#008000',
'greenyellow': '#ADFF2F',
'grey': '#808080',
'honeydew': '#F0FFF0',
'hotpink': '#FF69B4',
'indianred': '#CD5C5C',
'indigo': '#4B0082',
'ivory': '#FFFFFF',
'khaki': '#F0E68C',
'lavender': '#E6E6FA',
'lavenderblush': '#FFF0F5',
'lawngreen': '#7CFC00',
'lemonchiffon': '#FFFACD',
'lightblue': '#ADD8E6',
'lightcoral': '#F08080',
'lightcyan': '#E0FFFF',
'lightgoldenrodyellow': '#FAFAD2',

'lightgray': '#D3D3D3',
'lightgreen': '#90EE90',
'lightgrey': '#D3D3D3',
'lightpink': '#FFB6C1',
'lightsalmon': '#FFA07A',
'lightseagreen': '#20B2AA',
'lightskyblue': '#87CEFA',
'lightslategray': '#778899',
'lightslategrey': '#778899',
'lightsteelblue': '#BOC4DE',
'lightyellow': '#FFFFE0',
'lime': '#00FF00',
'limegreen': '#32CD32',
'linen': '#FAF0E6',
'magenta': '#FF00FF',
'maroon': '#800000',
'mediumaquamarine': '#66CDAA',
'mediumblue': '#0000CD',
'mediumorchid': '#BA55D3',
'mediumpurple': '#9370DB',
'mediumseagreen': '#3CB371',
'mediumslateblue': '#7B68EE',
'mediumspringgreen': '#00FA9A',
'mediumturquoise': '#48D1CC',
'mediumvioletred': '#C71585',
'midnightblue': '#191970',
'mintcream': '#F5FFFA',
'mistyrose': '#FFE4E1',
'moccasin': '#FFE4B5',
'navajowhite': '#FFDEAD',
'navy': '#000080',
'oldlace': '#FDF5E6',
'olive': '#808000',
'olivedrab': '#6B8E23',
'orange': '#FFA500',
'orangered': '#FF4500',
'orchid': '#DA70D6',
'palegoldenrod': '#EEE8AA',
'palegreen': '#98FB98',
'paleturquoise': '#AFEEEE',
'palevioletred': '#DB7093',
'papayawhip': '#FFEFD5',
'peachpuff': '#FFDAB9',
'peru': '#CD853F',
'pink': '#FFC0CB',
'plum': '#DDA0DD',
'powderblue': '#B0E0E6',

```

'purple': '#800080',
'rebeccapurple': '#663399',
'red': '#FF0000',
'rosybrown': '#BC8F8F',
'royalblue': '#4169E1',
'saddlebrown': '#8B4513',
'salmon': '#FA8072',
'sandybrown': '#F4A460',
'seagreen': '#2E8B57',
'seashell': '#FFF5EE',
'sienna': '#A0522D',
'silver': '#C0C0C0',
'skyblue': '#87CEEB',
'slateblue': '#6A5ACD',
'slategray': '#708090',
'slategrey': '#708090',
'snow': '#FFFAFA',
'springgreen': '#00FF7F',
'steelblue': '#4682B4',
'tan': '#D2B48C',
'teal': '#008080',
'thistle': '#D8BFD8',
'tomato': '#FF6347',
'turquoise': '#40E0D0',
'violet': '#EE82EE',
'wheat': '#F5DEB3',
'white': '#FFFFFF',
'whitesmoke': '#F5F5F5',
'yellow': '#FFFF00',
'yellowgreen': '#9ACD32'}

```

1.2 Bilder abspeichern

```
[16]: bild.savefig('einbild2.png')
```

```
[18]: bild.canvas.get_supported_filetypes()
```

```
[18]: {'eps': 'Encapsulated Postscript',
'jpg': 'Joint Photographic Experts Group',
'jpeg': 'Joint Photographic Experts Group',
'pdf': 'Portable Document Format',
'pgf': 'PGF code for LaTeX',
'png': 'Portable Network Graphics',
'ps': 'Postscript',
'raw': 'Raw RGBA bitmap',
'rgba': 'Raw RGBA bitmap',
'svg': 'Scalable Vector Graphics',
```

```
'svgz': 'Scalable Vector Graphics',
'tif': 'Tagged Image File Format',
'tiff': 'Tagged Image File Format'}
```

```
[17]: bild.savefig('einbild.svg', format='svg')
```

1.3 3D Koordinatensysteme

```
[20]: fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d') # 3d Koordinatensystem
ax.plot(1, 1, 1, 'rx')
ax.set_xlim3d((-1, 1))
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[20]: (-1.0, 1.0)
```

1.4 Implizit gegebene Flächen Isoflächen (marching_cube + plot_trisurf)

Alle Punkte $(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3$ derart, dass

$$f(x, y, z) = 0 \quad \text{für } f: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

```
[30]: from skimage import measure

xn = np.linspace(-2, 2, 100)
scalex = lambda x: xn[0]+(xn[-1]-xn[0])*x/(len(xn)-1)

X, Y, Z = np.meshgrid(xn, xn, xn)
vol = X**4+Y**4+Z**4+1000*(X**4+Y**4)*(X**4+Z**4)*(Y**4+Z**4)-10
#vol = X**2+Y**2+Z**2-4 # Kugel
#vol = (np.sqrt(X**2+Y**2)-1)**2+Z**2-1/4 # Torus

verts, faces, _, __ = measure.marching_cubes(vol, level=0)
# 0-Isofläche beschrieben durch Dreiecksflächen

fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d')
ax.plot_trisurf(scalex(verts[:, 0]), scalex(verts[:, 1]), scalex(verts[:, 2]), \
                triangles = faces, cmap = 'hsv', alpha=0.5)

ax.set_xlim3d((xn[0], xn[-1]))
ax.set_ylim3d((xn[0], xn[-1]))
ax.set_zlim3d((xn[0], xn[-1]))
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

[30]: (-2.0, 2.0)

ohne Skalierung mit 'scalex'

```
[48]: dx = xn[1]-xn[0]

verts, faces, normals, values = measure.marching_cubes(vol, level=0,
↳spacing=(3*[dx]))

fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d')
ax.plot_trisurf(verts[:, 0]-2, verts[:, 1]-2, verts[:, 2]-2, \
    triangles = faces)
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

[48]: <mpl_toolkits.mplot3d.art3d.Poly3DCollection at 0x7f3c25120f40>

1.5 Nochmal Listen

1.5.1 Zugriff auf Elemente einer Liste (Slicing von Listen)

```
[31]: a = [1, 2, [3, 4], [5, 6], 7]
a
```

[31]: [1, 2, [3, 4], [5, 6], 7]

```
[32]: a[0] # erstes Element
```

[32]: 1

```
[42]: a[-1] # letztes Element
```

[42]: 7

```
[36]: a[0:-1] # jedes Element vom Ersten (0) bis Vorletzten (-1)
```

[36]: [1, 2, [3, 4], [5, 6]]

```
[37]: a[::2] # jedes zweite Element vom Ersten (0) bis zum Letzten
```

[37]: [1, [3, 4], 7]

a[anfang:ende:increment] 'ende' ist exklusiv

```
[38]: c = a[0:-1:2]
c
```

```
[38]: [1, [3, 4]]
```

```
[43]: b = a + c # Zusammenfügen von Listen  
b
```

```
[43]: [1, 2, [3, 4], [5, 6], 7, 1, [3, 4]]
```

```
[44]: b[2][0] = 'pi' #Achtung
```

```
[45]: b
```

```
[45]: [1, 2, ['pi', 4], [5, 6], 7, 1, ['pi', 4]]
```

```
[46]: 3*c
```

```
[46]: [1, ['pi', 4], 1, ['pi', 4], 1, ['pi', 4]]
```

1.5.2 Flaches und tiefes kopieren (copy / deepcopy)

```
[52]: a1 = [1, 21, [3, 4]]
```

```
[53]: ac = a1.copy() # flache Kopie  
ac[0] = 'hallo'  
ac[2][0] = 2225
```

```
[54]: a1
```

```
[54]: [1, 21, [2225, 4]]
```

```
[55]: ac
```

```
[55]: ['hallo', 21, [2225, 4]]
```

```
[56]: from copy import deepcopy  
a1 = [1, 21, [3, 4]]
```

```
[58]: ad = deepcopy(a1) # tiefe Kopie
```

```
[59]: ad[0] = 'hallo'  
ad[2][0] = 2225
```

```
[60]: ad
```

```
[60]: ['hallo', 21, [2225, 4]]
```

```
[61]: a1
```

```
[61]:
```


[1, 21, [3, 4]]

```
[62]: b = a1 + deepcopy(a1)
```

```
[63]: b
```

```
[63]: [1, 21, [3, 4], 1, 21, [3, 4]]
```

```
[64]: b[2][0] = 331
```

```
[65]: b
```

```
[65]: [1, 21, [331, 4], 1, 21, [3, 4]]
```

1.6 Zu den aktuellen Aufgaben

1.6.1 zu Aufgabe 24

```
[67]: def f(c): # abschnittweise definierte Funktion
      if c > 1:
          c = 1
      elif c < -1:
          c = -1
      else:
          c = c**3
      return c
```

```
[68]: f(2.3)
```

```
[68]: 1
```

```
[69]: f(-2), f(-1), f(0), f(0.5), f(1), f(2)
```

```
[69]: (-1, -1, 0, 0.125, 1, 1)
```

1.6.2 Funktionen mit mehreren Ausgaben

```
[70]: def g(c):
      q = c**2
      mc = -c
      return c, q, mc
```

```
[71]: erg = g(2)
      erg
```

```
[71]: (2, 4, -2)
```

```
[72]: a, b, c = g(2)
```

```
[73]: a, c
```

```
[73]: (2, -2)
```

1.7 Ergänzungen zu Schleifen

1.7.1 enumerate

```
[80]: for e in [2, 5, 7, 9]:  
      print(e)
```

```
2  
5  
7  
9
```

```
[81]: for i, e in enumerate([2, 5, 7, 9]):  
      print(i, e)
```

```
0 2  
1 5  
2 7  
3 9
```

1.7.2 zip (Reißverschluss)

```
[84]: for e in zip([12, 23, 43, 2, 3], ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd']):  
      print(e[0], e[1])
```

```
12 a  
23 b  
43 c  
2 d
```

1.7.3 Erzeugen von Wörterbüchern (dictionary)

```
[2]: d = {}  
for e in zip([12, 23, 43], ['a', 'b', 'c']):  
    d |= {e[0] : e[1]} # inplace 'oder' geht seit Python 3.9  
d
```

```
[2]: {12: 'a', 23: 'b', 43: 'c'}
```

```
[3]: d = {}  
for e in zip([12, 23, 43], ['a', 'b', 'c']):  
    d.update({e[0] : e[1]})
```

```
[88]: d
```

```
[88]: {12: 'a', 23: 'b', 43: 'c'}
```

```
[92]: q = { -i: i**2 for i in range(2, 10)} # Wörterbuch der Quadratzahlen
```

```
[93]: q
```

```
[93]: {-9: 81, -8: 64, -7: 49, -6: 36, -5: 25, -4: 16, -3: 9, -2: 4}
```

```
[95]: q[-2]
```

```
[95]: 4
```

1.8 Numerische Auswertung von Integralen

```
[96]: x = sp.symbols('x')
I1 = sp.Integral(sp.sin(x**2+sp.sin(x)), (x, 0, 20))
I1
```

```
[96]: 
$$\int_0^{20} \sin(x^2 + \sin(x)) dx$$

```

```
[97]: I1.doit() # das ist zu schwierig
```

```
[97]: 
$$\int_0^{20} \sin(x^2 + \sin(x)) dx$$

```

```
[98]: %%timeit
I1.n()
```

249 ms ± 6.53 ms per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 7 runs, 1 loop each)

```
[99]: I2 = sp.Integral(sp.sin(x**2)/x, (x, 0, 2))
I2
```

```
[99]: 
$$\int_0^2 \frac{\sin(x^2)}{x} dx$$

```

```
[100]: I2.doit()
```

```
[100]: 
$$\frac{\text{Si}(4)}{2}$$

```

```
[101]: %%timeit
I2.n()
```

7.64 ms ± 85.7 µs per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 7 runs, 100 loops each)

```
[102]: %%timeit  
I2.doit().n()
```

158 ms ± 10.1 ms per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 7 runs, 1 loop each)