

lektion1

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1 Lektion 1

1.1 Einfache Arithmetik

[1]: $2*3$

[1]: 6

[2]: $1+2$

[2]: 3

[3]: $1+2*3$

[3]: 7

[4]: $2*(1+2)$

[4]: 6

[5]: $2**3$

[5]: 8

[6]: $1/3$

[6]: 0.3333333333333333

[7]: `3*1/3`

[7]: 1.0

[8]: `(1/3)**3-1/3**3`

[8]: -6.938893903907228e-18

[9]: `(1/3)**100 * 3**100`

[9]: 0.9999999999999994

[10]: `0.000001 - 1e-6`

[10]: 0.0

1.2 Variablen

Zuweisungsoperator =

[11]: `a = 3`

[12]: `a`

[12]: 3

[13]: `b`

```
-----  
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[13], line 1  
----> 1 b  
  
NameError: name 'b' is not defined
```

[14]: `b = a`

[15]: `b`

[15]: 3

[16]: `a`

[16]: 3

```
[17]: b
```

```
[17]: 3
```

1.3 Symbolische Arithmetik

```
[18]: from sympy import *  
      init_printing()
```

```
[19]: S(1)/3
```

```
[19]:  $\frac{1}{3}$ 
```

```
[20]: S(3)+3
```

```
[20]: 6
```

```
[21]: (S(3)+3)/9
```

```
[21]:  $\frac{2}{3}$ 
```

```
[22]: Rational(1,3)
```

```
[22]:  $\frac{1}{3}$ 
```

```
[23]: Rational(1/2)
```

```
[23]:  $\frac{1}{2}$ 
```

```
[24]: Rational("1/2")
```

```
[24]:  $\frac{1}{2}$ 
```

```
[25]: (S(1)/3)**100 * 3**100
```

```
[25]: 1
```

1.4 Gleitkommazahlen mit vielen Nachkommastellen

```
[26]: drittel = Rational(1,3)
```

```
[27]: drittel**100 * 3**100
```

```
[27]: 1
```

```
[28]: (1/3)**1000
```

[28] : 0.0

```
[29]: (1/3)**1000 * 3**1000
```

```
OverflowError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[29], line 1
----> 1 (1/3)**1000 * 3**1000

OverflowError: int too large to convert to float
```

```
[30]: (S(1)/3)**1000 * 3**1000
```

[30] : 1

```
[31]: pi
```

[31] : π

```
[32]: N(pi, 100)
```

[32]: 3.1415926535897932384626433832795028841971693993751058209749445923078164062862089986280348253421170

[33]: $N(1/3, 100)$

[33]: 0.333333333333333314829616256247390992939472198486328125

```
[34]: N(Rational(1,3),200)
```

[illegible]

1.5 Sympyfizierung

[35] : $S(3)$

[35] : 3

[36] : 3

[36] : 3

```
[37]: type(3)
```

```
[37]: int
```

```
[38]: type(S(3))
```

```
[38]: sympy.core.numbers.Integer
```

```
[39]: type(S(1)/3)
```

```
[39]: sympy.core.numbers.Rational
```

1.6 Symbole

```
[40]: x = S('x')
```

```
[41]: type(x)
```

```
[41]: sympy.core.symbol.Symbol
```

```
[42]: y = S('y')
```

```
[43]: f = (x+y)**2
```

```
[44]: f
```

```
[44]:  $(x + y)^2$ 
```

```
[45]: type(f)
```

```
[45]: sympy.core.power.Pow
```

```
[46]: x = 5
```

```
[47]: f
```

```
[47]:  $(x + y)^2$ 
```

```
[48]: f.subs(x,5)
```

```
[48]:  $(x + y)^2$ 
```

```
[49]: x = S('x')
```

```
[50]: f.subs(x,5)
```

```
[50]:  $(y + 5)^2$ 
```

1.7 einfache Funktionen

```
[51]: sqrt(S(81))
```

```
[51]: 9
```

```
[52]: sqrt(S(2))
```

```
[52]:
```

$\sqrt{2}$

```
[53]: sqrt(-81)
```

```
[53]: 9i
```

```
[54]: sqrt(2.)
```

```
[54]: 1.4142135623731
```

```
[55]: sqrt(9*y**2)
```

```
[55]: 3*sqrt(y**2)
```

```
[56]: factorial(5)
```

```
[56]: 120
```

```
[57]: factorial(170)
```

```
[57]: 725741561530799896739672821112926311471699168129645137654357779890056184340170615785235074924261745
```

```
[58]: cos(pi)
```

```
[58]: -1
```

```
[59]: sin(pi)
```

```
[59]: 0
```

```
[60]: tan(pi/2)
```

```
[60]: infinity
```

```
[61]: print(tan(pi/2))
```

zoo

```
[62]: ?zoo
```

Type: ComplexInfinity

String form: zoo

File: /local/home/schaedle/miniconda3/envs/comp25/lib/python3.12/
↳site-packages/sympy/core/numbers.py

Docstring:

Complex infinity.

Explanation

=====

In complex analysis the symbol `~infty`, called "complex infinity", represents a quantity with infinite magnitude, but

undetermined complex phase.

ComplexInfinity is a singleton, and can be accessed by ```S.ComplexInfinity```, or can be imported as ```zoo```.

Examples

=====

```
>>> from sympy import zoo
>>> zoo + 42
zoo
>>> 42/zoo
0
>>> zoo + zoo
nan
>>> zoo*zoo
zoo
```

See Also

=====

Infinity

```
[63]: alpha = S('alpha')
```

```
[64]: alpha
```

```
[64]:  $\alpha$ 
```

```
[65]: exp(1)
```

```
[65]:  $e$ 
```

```
[66]: log(exp(1))
```

```
[66]: 1
```

```
[67]: abs(-1)
```

```
[67]: 1
```