

Computergestuetzte Mathematik zur Analysis

Lektion 5 (Programmsteuerung)

For Schleifen

```
> liste :=[a,b,x+y];
> for k in liste do
  k^3;
od;

=> for l from 1 to 7 do
  l, evalf(sin(Pi/l))
end do;
> out := 0;
for le in [1, z,x^2, sin(y)] do
  out := out+le;
od;
> for k from 20 by -2 while k>8 do
  k,sin(k),unapply(x^k,x),k, x->x^k;
  for l from 1 to 3 do
    erg := l+k; print(l,k,l + k);
  od;
  k+erg;
od:
> i:=0;
from 1 to 4 do
  i:= i+1;
od
> i:=0;
from 1  while i<4  do
  i:=i+1;
end do;
```

Einfache logische Aussagen

```
> a:= 3; b:=5;
> a<b;
> evalb(a<b);
> is(a=b);
> is(a<>b);
```

```

[> a ≠ b; # a "!=" b # a ungleich in 2D Maple Input

[> a:=true; b:=false; c:=true;
[> a and b
[> a or b
[> `or` (a,b);
[> `xor`(a,b);
[> `xor`(a,c);

[> a := 1+I;
[> I^2
[> is(a,real)
[> is(a,integer);
[> is(a,complex);
[> ? property

```

▼ If Abfragen

```

[> a:=3; b:=5;
[> if b<a then
[>   a
[> else
[>   b
[> end if;

[> for j from 4 to 8 do
[>   if isprime(j) then
[>     print(j,evalf(sin(Pi/j))): 
[>   fi:
[> od;
[>

```

▼ While Schleife

```

[> q:=1016:
[> while is(q,even) do
[>   q:=q/2;
[> end do:
[> q;

```

▼ Maple Funktionen

```

[> restart;
[> myfun := proc(x,n,m)
[>   description "Berechne sin(nx) cos(mx)";

```

```
      sin(n*x) * cos(m*x);
end proc;
> myfun(1,2,3)
> myfun2 := proc (x, n, m)
  local a,b;
  description "Berechne sin(nx) cos(mx)";
  a := sin(n*x);
  b := cos(m*x);
  a*b;
end proc;
> myfun2(1,2,3);
> a;
> Describe(myfun);

> divide2en:= proc (n)
  local q;
  q := n;
  while type(q, even) do
    q := (1/2)*q
  end do;
  q;
end proc;
> divide2en(1016);
```