

# Blatt 2

## Aufgabe 5

```
> restart:  
> f := x -> x^n;  
  
> int(f(x), x);  
f := x  $\mapsto x^n$  (1.1)  
  

$$\frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}$$
 (1.2)  
  
> g := x -> subs(n=-1, f(x));  
g := x  $\mapsto \text{subs}(n = -1, f(x))$  (1.3)  
  
> int(g(x), x);  

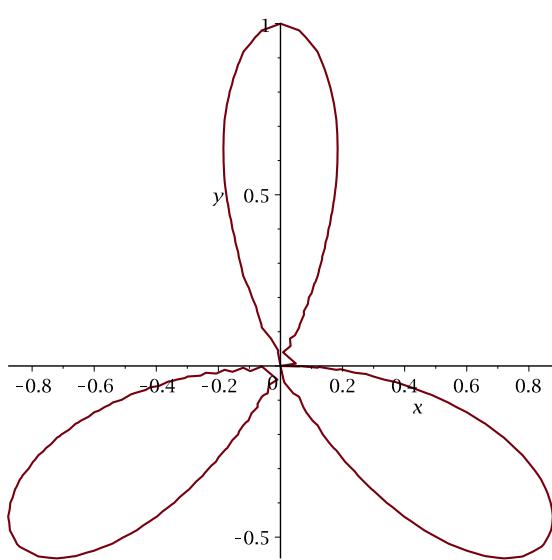
$$\ln(x)$$
 (1.4)  
  
> # Schöner  
> f := (x, n) -> x^n;  
f := (x, n)  $\mapsto x^n$  (1.5)  
  
> int(f(x, n), x);  

$$\frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}$$
 (1.6)  
  
> int(f(x, -1), x);  

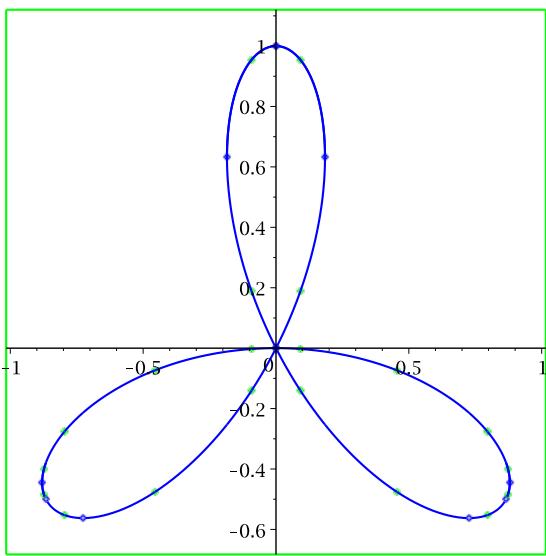
$$\ln(x)$$
 (1.7)
```

## Aufgabe 6

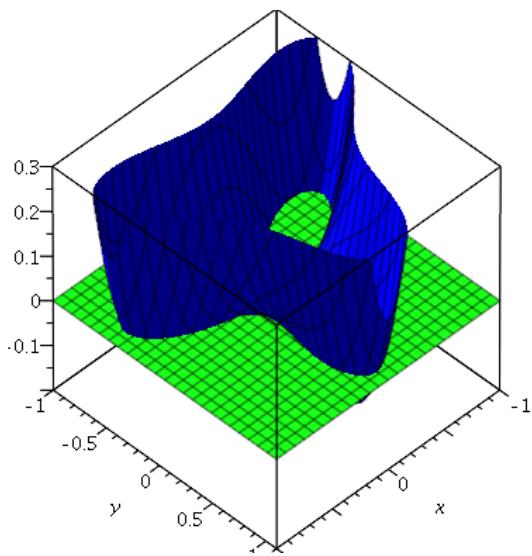
```
> restart;  
(a)  
> with(plots):  
> with(algcurves):  
> g := (x^2 + y^2)^2 + 3 * x^2 * y - y^3;  
g := (x^2 + y^2)^2 + 3 x^2 y - y^3 (2.1)  
> implicitplot(g = 0, x = -3..3, y = -2..2, numpoints = 10000);
```



```
> plot_real_curve(g, x, y);
```



```
> plot3d([ g, 0 ], x=-1..1, y=-1..1.1, color = [ blue, green ], view = -0.2..0.3);
```



(b)

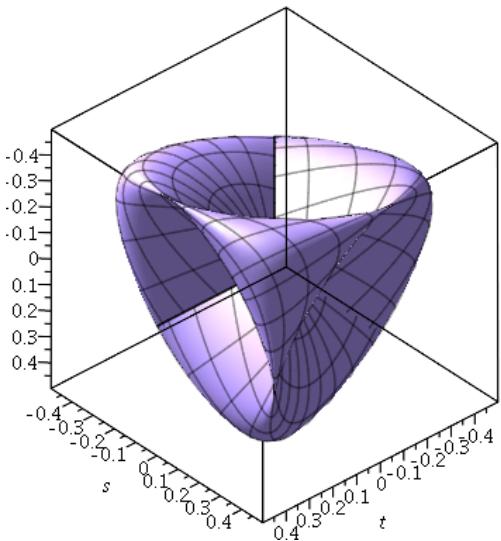
```

> f := [
    1/2 * cos(t)^2 * sin(2*s),
    1/2 * sin(s) * sin(2*t),
    1/2 * cos(s) * sin(2*t)
];

$$f := \left[ \frac{\cos(t)^2 \sin(2s)}{2}, \frac{\sin(s) \sin(2t)}{2}, \frac{\cos(s) \sin(2t)}{2} \right] \quad (2.2)$$

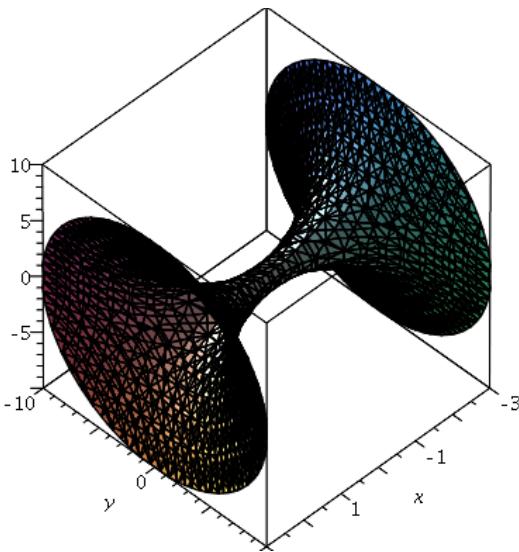
> plot3d(f, t = 0..Pi, s = 0..Pi, numpoints = 2500, color = [ 0.7, 0.6, 1 ], orientation = [ 48, -55 ],
  thickness = 1);

```



## Aufgabe 7

```
> restart;
> with(plots):
> implicitplot3d(cosh(x)^2 = y^2 + z^2, x=-3..3, y=-10..10, z = -10..10, numpoints = 10000);
```



## Aufgabe 8

```
> restart;
(a)
```

```
> q := x -> f(x) / g(x);
```

$$q := x \mapsto \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \quad (4.1)$$

```
> Dq := x -> diff(q(x), x);
```

$$Dq := x \mapsto q'(x) \quad (4.2)$$

```
> simplify(int(Dq(x), x) - q(x));
```

$$0 \quad (4.3)$$

```
(b)
```

```
> c := x -> int(f(x - xi) * g(xi), xi = 0..x);
```

$$c := x \mapsto \int_0^x f(x-\xi) g(\xi) d\xi \quad (4.4)$$

```
> diff(c(x), x); Dc := x -> diff(c(x), x);
```

$$\int_0^x D(f)(x-\xi) g(\xi) d\xi + f(0) g(x) \quad (4.5)$$

```
> diff(int(Dc(x), x) - c(x), x);
```

L

0

(4.6)