

Computergestuetzte Mathematik zur Analysis

Lektion 14 (30. Januar)

```
> restart;
```

▼ Gewöhnliche Differentialgleichungen II

```
> os := diff(y(x),x$2) + y(x);
```

$$os := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + y(x) \quad (1.1)$$

```
> dsolve(os=0,y(x));
```

$$y(x) = _C1 \sin(x) + _C2 \cos(x) \quad (1.2)$$

```
> dsolve({os=0,y(0)=1,D(y)(0)=0},y(x));
```

$$y(x) = \cos(x) \quad (1.3)$$

```
> l1 := rhs((1.3));
```

$$l1 := \cos(x) \quad (1.4)$$

```
> gos := diff(y(x),x$2) + 1/5*diff(y(x),x) + y(x);
```

$$gos := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + \frac{1}{5} \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + y(x) \quad (1.5)$$

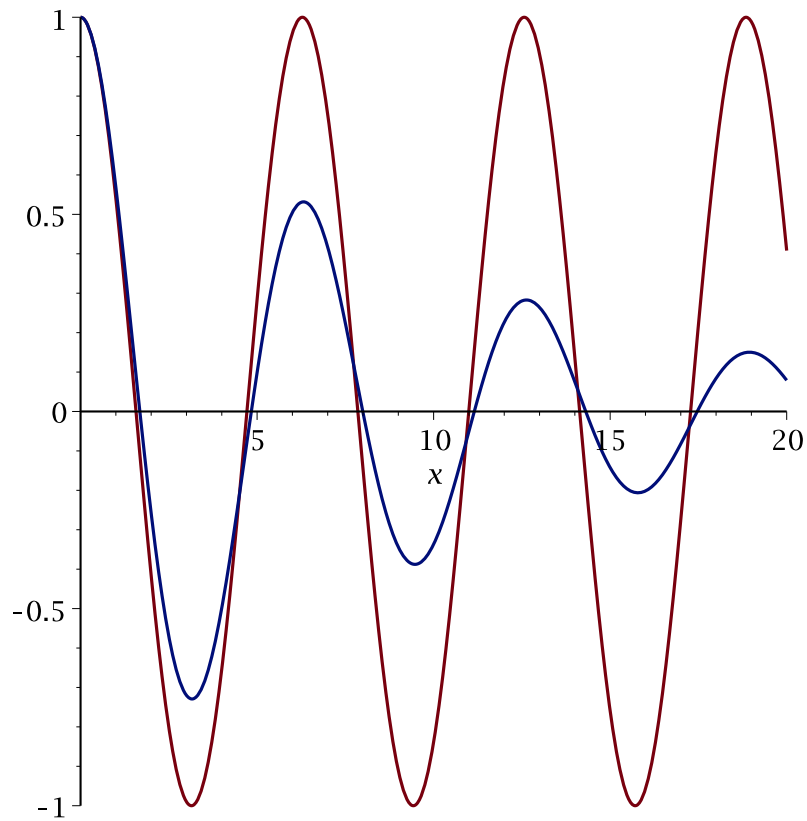
```
> dsolve({gos=0,y(0)=1,D(y)(0)=0},y(x));
```

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{33} \sqrt{11} e^{-\frac{1}{10}x} \sin\left(\frac{3}{10} \sqrt{11} x\right) + e^{-\frac{1}{10}x} \cos\left(\frac{3}{10} \sqrt{11} x\right) \quad (1.6)$$

```
> l2 := rhs((1.6));
```

$$l2 := \frac{1}{33} \sqrt{11} e^{-\frac{1}{10}x} \sin\left(\frac{3}{10} \sqrt{11} x\right) + e^{-\frac{1}{10}x} \cos\left(\frac{3}{10} \sqrt{11} x\right) \quad (1.7)$$

```
> plot([l1,l2],x=0..20);
```



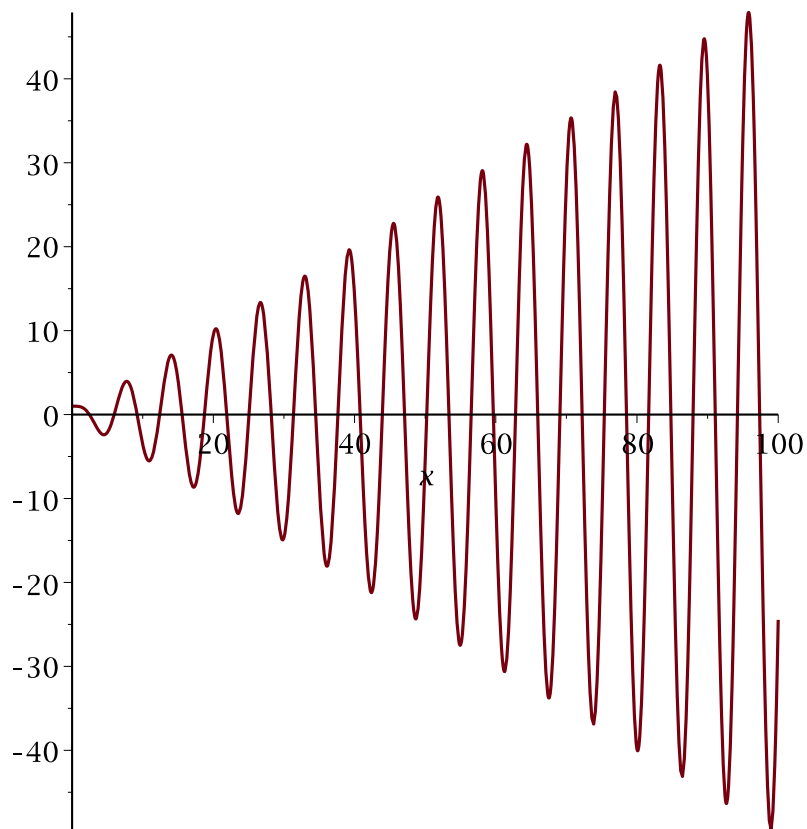
▼ Inhomogene Gewöhnliche Differentialgleichungen

```
> l3:=rhs(dsolve({os=cos(1*x),y(0)=1,D(y)(0)=0},y(x)));
```

$$l3 := \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(x) x$$

(2.1)

```
> plot(l3,x=0..100); # Resonanzfall
```



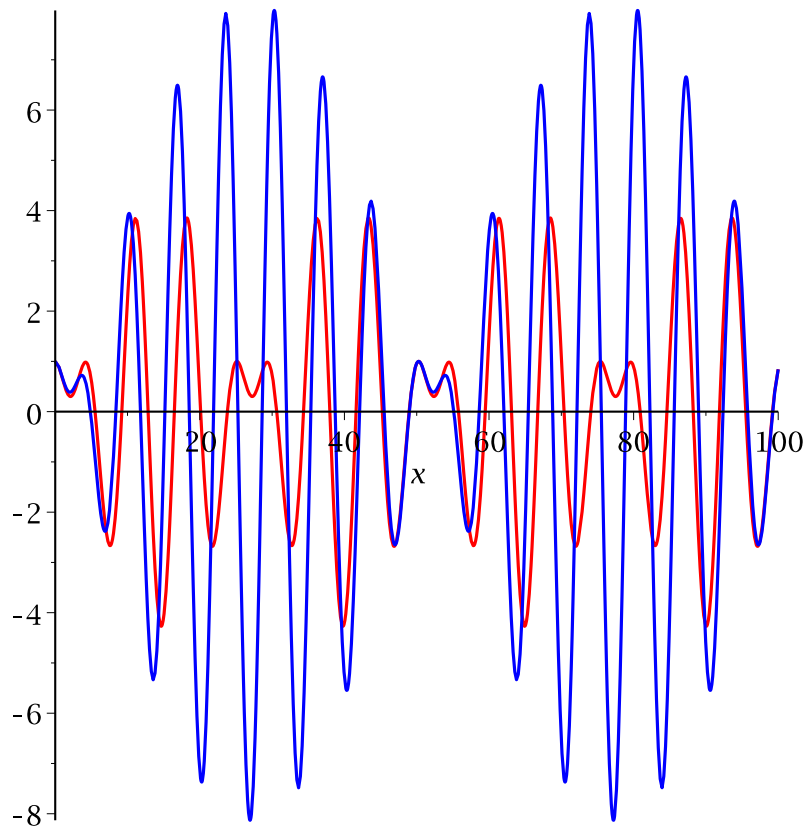
```
> l4:= rhs(dsolve({os=sin(3/4*x),y(0)=1,D(y)(0)=0},y(x)));
```

$$l4 := -\frac{12}{7} \sin(x) + \cos(x) + \frac{16}{7} \sin\left(\frac{3}{4} x\right) \quad (2.2)$$

```
> l5:= rhs(dsolve({os=sin(7/8*x),y(0)=1,D(y)(0)=0},y(x)));
```

$$l5 := -\frac{56}{15} \sin(x) + \cos(x) + \frac{64}{15} \sin\left(\frac{7}{8} x\right) \quad (2.3)$$

```
> plot([l4,l5],x=0..100,color=[red,blue]);
```



Bessel Funktionen

```
> with(VectorCalculus):
> SetCoordinates(polar);
```

polar

(3.1)

```
> Laplacian(u(r,phi),[r,phi]);
```

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r} u(r, \phi) + r \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} u(r, \phi) \right) + \frac{\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} u(r, \phi)}{r}$$

(3.2)

```
> LG:=Laplacian(v(r)*w(phi),[r,phi])+v(r)*w(phi);
```

$$LG := \frac{\left(\frac{d}{dr} v(r) \right) w(\phi) + r \left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} v(r) \right) w(\phi) + \frac{v(r) \left(\frac{d^2}{d\phi^2} w(\phi) \right)}{r} + v(r) w(\phi)}$$

(3.3)

```
> isolate(expand(LG*r^2/v(r)/w(phi)),r);
```

$$\frac{r \left(v(r) r + \left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} v(r) \right) r + \frac{d}{dr} v(r) \right)}{v(r)} = - \frac{\frac{d^2}{d\phi^2} w(\phi)}{w(\phi)} \quad (3.4)$$

```
> collect(lhs((3.4))*v(r)-n^2*v(r),v(r));
```

$$(-n^2 + r^2) v(r) + r \left(\left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} v(r) \right) r + \frac{d}{dr} v(r) \right) \quad (3.5)$$

```
> g:= x^2 * diff(y(x),x$2)+x*diff(y(x),x) + (x^2-n^2)*y(x);
```

$$g := x^2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) \right) + x \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) + (-n^2 + x^2) y(x) \quad (3.6)$$

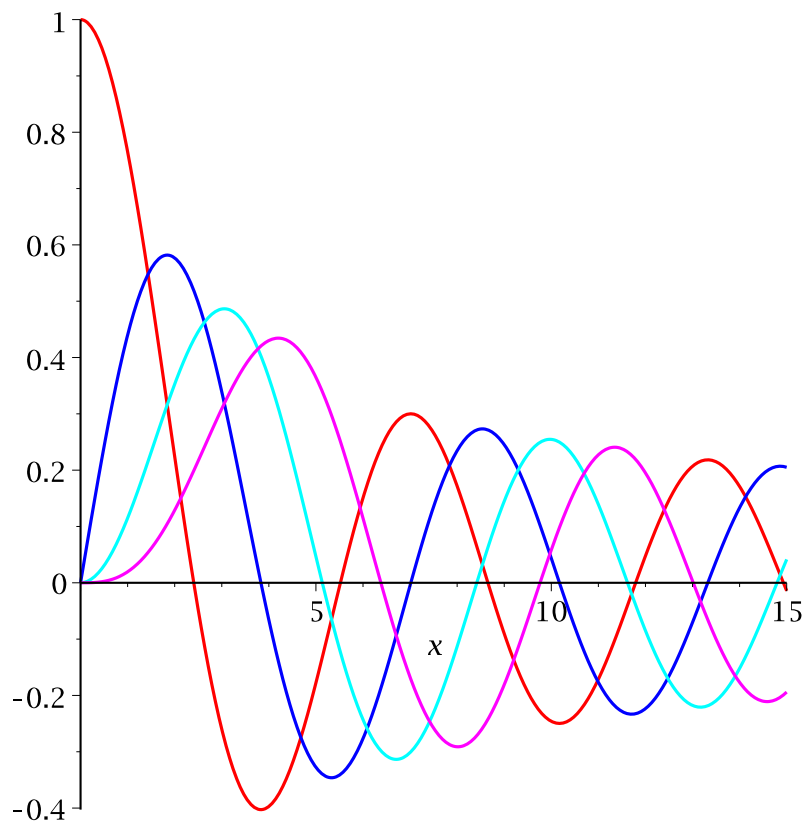
```
> dsolve(g=0,y(x));
```

$$y(x) = _C1 \text{BesselJ}(n, x) + _C2 \text{BesselY}(n, x) \quad (3.7)$$

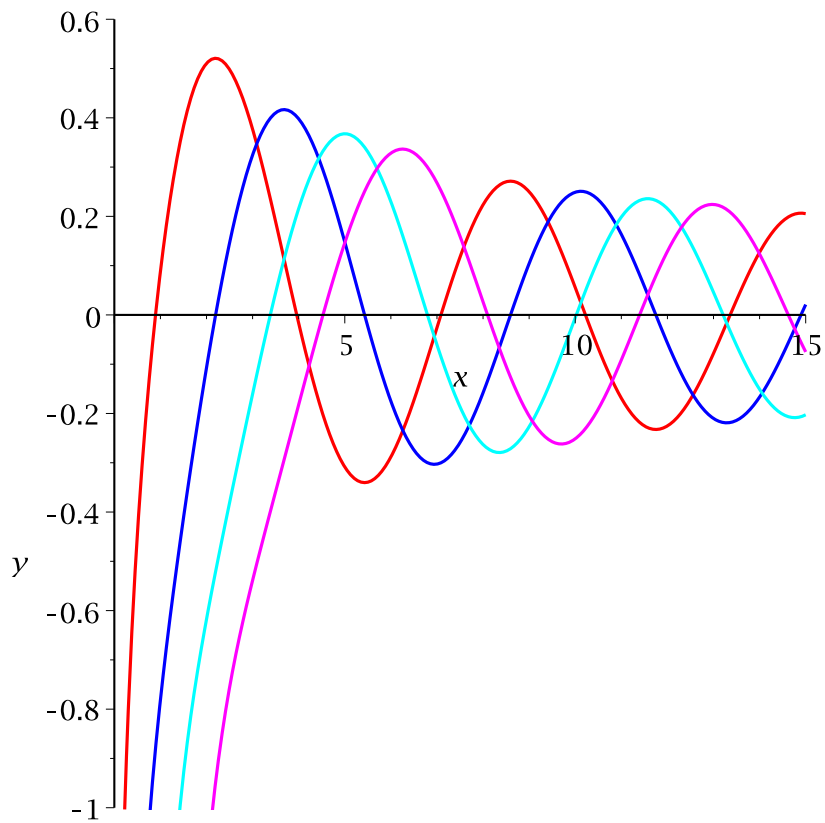
```
> farben:=[red,blue,cyan,magenta];
```

$$\text{farben} := [\text{red}, \text{blue}, \text{cyan}, \text{magenta}] \quad (3.8)$$

```
> plot([seq(BesselJ(n,x),n=0..3)],x=0..15,color=farben);
```



```
> plot([seq(Bessely(n,x),n=0..3)],x=0..15,y=-1..0.6,color=farben)
;
```

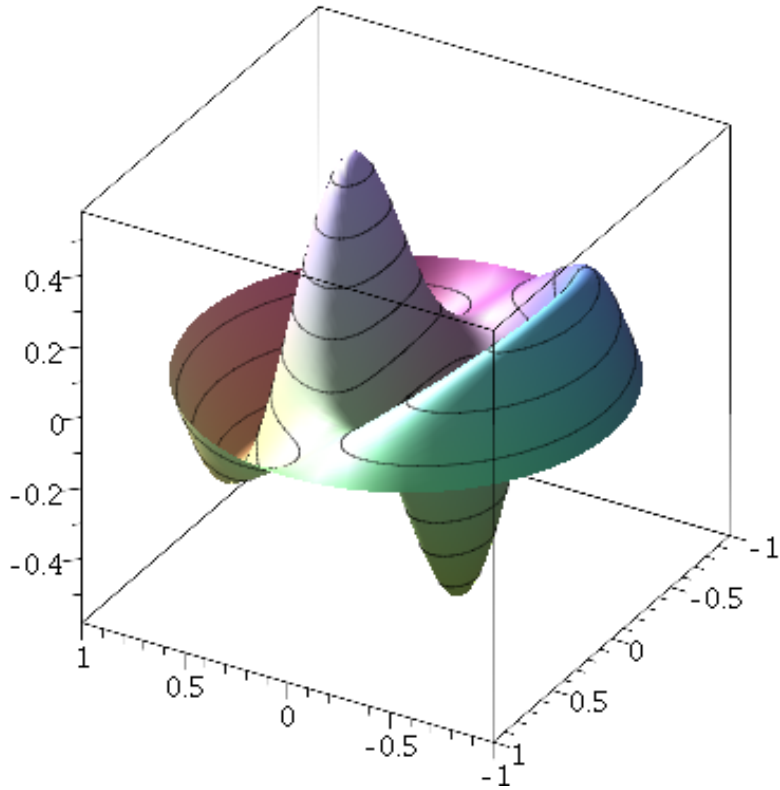


```
> ns1:= seq(fsolve(BesselJ(1,x)=0,x,3.5+3*(k-1)..3.5+3*k),k=1..4)
;
    ns1 := 3.831705970, 7.015586670, 10.17346814, 13.32369194      (3.9)
```

```
> fnm1 := [ r*cos(s), r*sin(s), BesselJ(1,ns1[2]*r)*cos(s)];
    fnm1:= [ r*cos(s), r*sin(s), BesselJ(1, 7.015586670 r) cos(s)]      (3.10)
```

```
> plotarg := style=patchcontour,orientation=[120,60];
    plotarg:= style = patchcontour, orientation = [120, 60]      (3.11)
```

```
> plot3d(fnm1,r=0..1,s=0..2*Pi,plotarg);
```



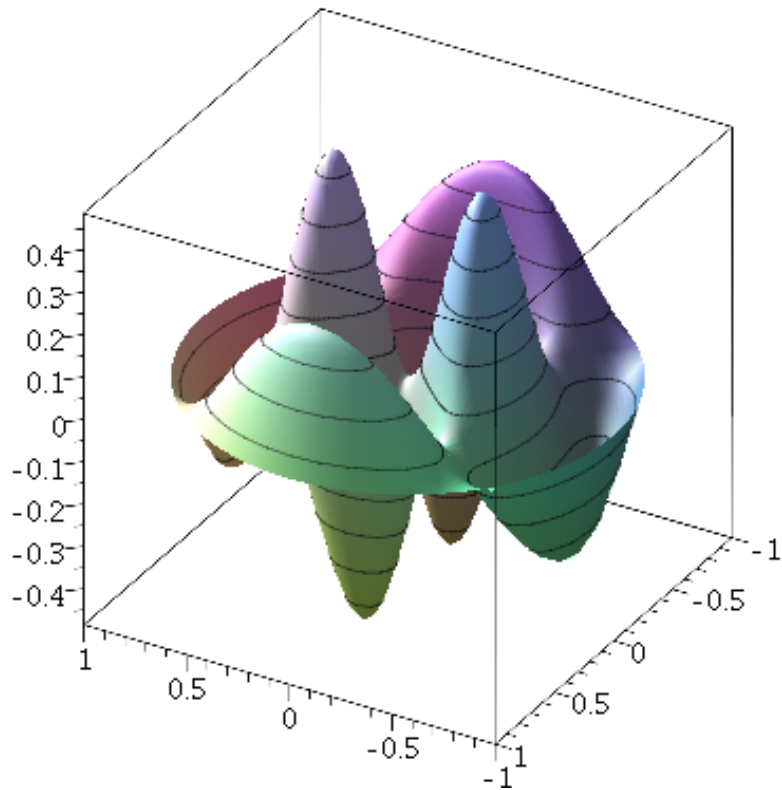
```
> ns2 := fsolve(BesselJ(2,x)=0,x,8..9);
      ns2:= 8.417244140
```

(3.12)

```
> fnm:= [ r*cos(s), r*sin(s), BesselJ(2,ns2*r)*cos(2*s)];
      fnm:= [ r*cos(s), r*sin(s), BesselJ(2, 8.417244140 r) cos(2 s)]
```

(3.13)

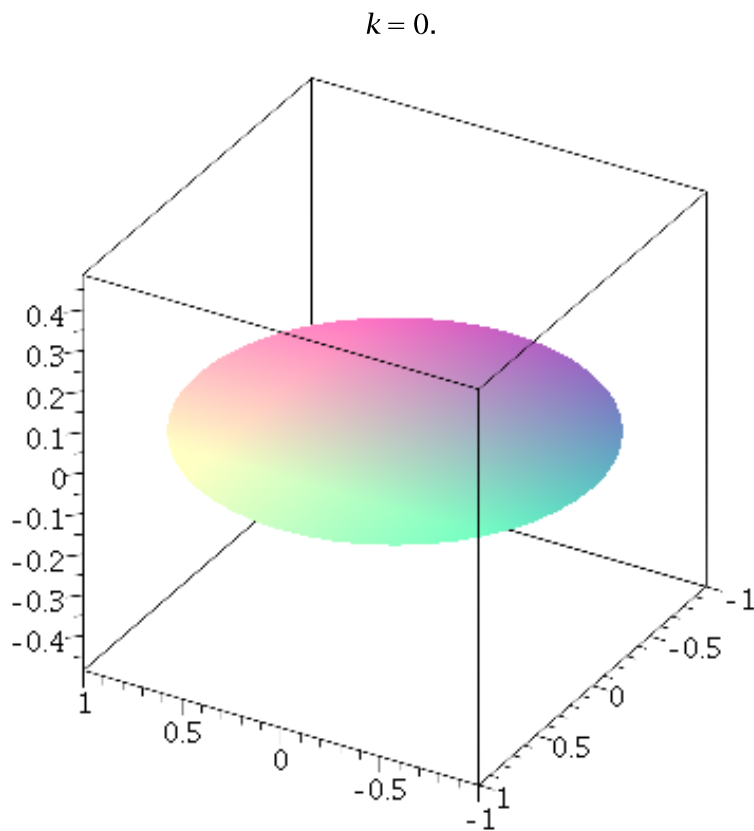
```
> plot3d(fnm,r=0..1,s=0..2*Pi,plotarg);
```



```

> fnm:= [ r*cos(s), r*sin(s), sin(2*k*Pi/21)*BesselJ(2,ns2*r)*cos
  (2*s)];
  fnm:=  $\left[ r \cos(s), r \sin(s), \sin\left(\frac{2}{21} k \pi\right) \text{BesselJ}(2, 8.417244140 r) \cos(2 s) \right]$  (3.14)
> with(plots):
> animate(plot3d,[fnm,r=0..1,s=0..2*Pi,plotarg],k=0..20);

```

▼ Differentialgleichungssysteme

```
> restart;
> with(LinearAlgebra):
> A:=<<0|1|0>,<-1|0|1>,<0|0|2>>;
```

$$A := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(4.1)

```
> T:=MatrixExponential(A,t);
```

$$T := \begin{bmatrix} \cos(t) & \sin(t) & -\frac{2}{5} \sin(t) - \frac{1}{5} \cos(t) + \frac{1}{5} e^{2t} \\ -\sin(t) & \cos(t) & -\frac{2}{5} \cos(t) + \frac{2}{5} e^{2t} + \frac{1}{5} \sin(t) \\ 0 & 0 & e^{2t} \end{bmatrix}$$

(4.2)

```
> #Loesung  $y' = A*y$  ,  $y(0) = \langle a,b,c \rangle$ 
```

```
> y0 := <a,b,c>;
```

$$y0 := \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.3)$$

```
> y(t) := T.y0;
```

$$y(t) := \begin{bmatrix} \cos(t) a + \sin(t) b + \left(-\frac{2}{5} \sin(t) - \frac{1}{5} \cos(t) + \frac{1}{5} e^{2t}\right) c \\ -\sin(t) a + \cos(t) b + \left(-\frac{2}{5} \cos(t) + \frac{2}{5} e^{2t} + \frac{1}{5} \sin(t)\right) c \\ e^{2t} c \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.4)$$

```
> with(VectorCalculus):
```

```
> BasisFormat(false):
```

```
> diff(y(t),t) - A.y(t);
```

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \left[\left(\frac{2}{5} \sin(t) + \frac{4}{5} e^{2t} + \frac{1}{5} \cos(t)\right) c + \left(-\frac{2}{5} \sin(t) - \frac{1}{5} \cos(t) + \frac{1}{5} e^{2t}\right) c \right. \\ \left. - e^{2t} c \right] \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.5)$$

```
> simplify((4.5));
```

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.6)$$

```
> eval(y(t),t=0);
```

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.7)$$

Das Pendel

```
> restart;
```

```
> Dgl := diff(y(t),t$2) = -sin(y(t));
```

$$Dgl := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) = -\sin(y(t)) \quad (5.1)$$

```
> AW := y(0) = Pi/8, D(y)(0) = 0;
```

$$AW := y(0) = \frac{1}{8} \pi, D(y)(0) = 0 \quad (5.2)$$

```
> dsolve({Dgl,AW},y(t));
```

$$y(t) = \text{RootOf} \left(\int_{-z}^{\frac{1}{8} \pi} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \cos(-a) - 2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{8} \pi\right)}} d_a + t \right), y(t) = \text{RootOf} \left(\int_{\frac{1}{8} \pi}^{-z} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \cos(-a) - 2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{8} \pi\right)}} d_a + t \right) \quad (5.3)$$

```
> Lsg:=dsolve({Dgl,AW},y(t),type=numeric,output=listprocedure);
```

$$Lsg := \left[t = \text{proc}(t) \dots \text{end proc}, y(t) = \text{proc}(t) \dots \text{end proc}, \frac{d}{dt} y(t) = \text{proc}(t) \dots \text{end proc} \right] \quad (5.4)$$

```
...
end proc]
```

```
> y1 := eval(y(t),Lsg);
```

$$y1 := \text{proc}(t) \dots \text{end proc} \quad (5.5)$$

```
> y1(1);
```

$$0.215837134280979 \quad (5.6)$$

```
> Dgl_os := diff(y(t),t$2) = -y(t);
```

$$Dgl_os := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) = -y(t) \quad (5.7)$$

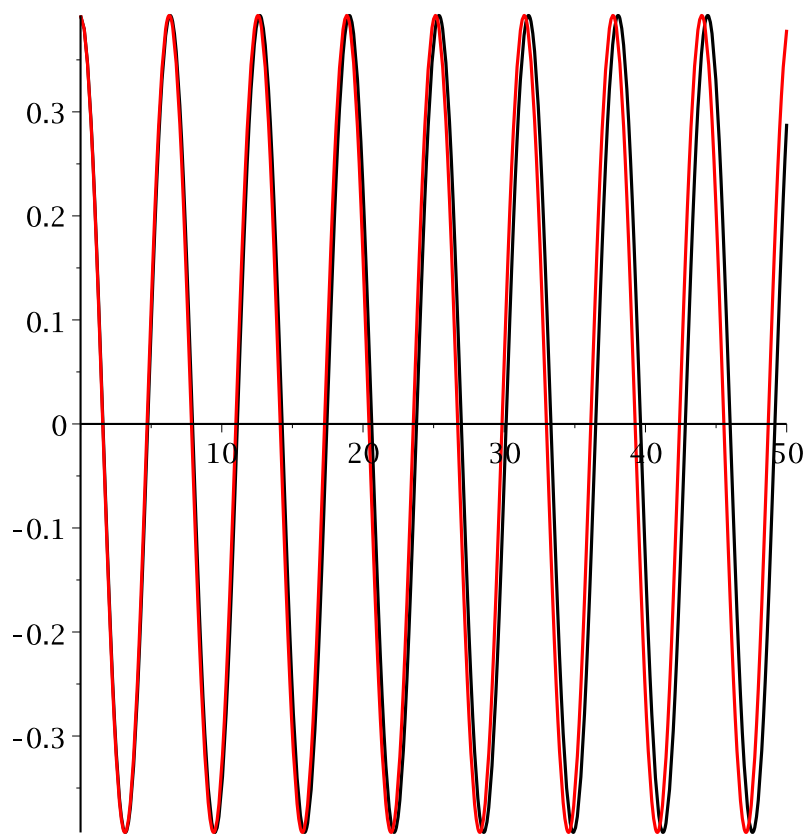
```
> dsolve({Dgl_os,AW},y(t));
```

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{8} \pi \cos(t) \quad (5.8)$$

```
> y1_os:=unapply(rhs((5.8)),t);
```

$$y1_os := t \rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \pi \cos(t) \quad (5.9)$$

```
> plot([y1,y1_os],0..50,color=[black,red]);
```



```
> AW2:= y(0)=Pi/4,D(y)(0)=0;
```

$$AW2:= y(0) = \frac{1}{4} \pi, D(y)(0) = 0 \quad (5.10)$$

```
> Lsg:=dsolve({Dgl,AW2},y(t),type=numeric,output=listprocedure);
```

$$Lsg := \left[t = \text{proc}(t) \dots \text{end proc}, y(t) = \text{proc}(t) \dots \text{end proc}, \frac{d}{dt} y(t) = \right. \quad (5.11)$$

```
proc(t)
```

```
...
end proc]
```

```
> yl := eval(y(t),Lsg);
```

$$yl := \text{proc}(t) \dots \text{end proc} \quad (5.12)$$

```
> dsolve({Dgl_os,AW2},y(t));
```

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{4} \pi \cos(t) \quad (5.13)$$

```
> yl_os:=unapply(rhs((5.13)),t);
```

$$yl_os := t \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \pi \cos(t) \quad (5.14)$$

```
> plot([y1,y1_os],0..50,color=[black,red]);
```

